OBJECTIVE OF PROGRAM

- Advanced practice provider (APP) unused template time was tracking approximately 50% across the Vanderbilt-Ingram Cancer Center (VICC), negatively impacting unused time rates overall.
- During scheduled operations meetings, providers, clinical, and scheduling staff shared multiple opportunities for return patients to be seen by the APP; subsequently allowing increased new patient appointment availability.
- The purpose of this project was to improve scheduling of multifaceted treatments and care within an outpatient clinic while simultaneously improving utilization rates for advanced practice providers.

REVIEW OF PLANNING/ RESEARCH METHODS

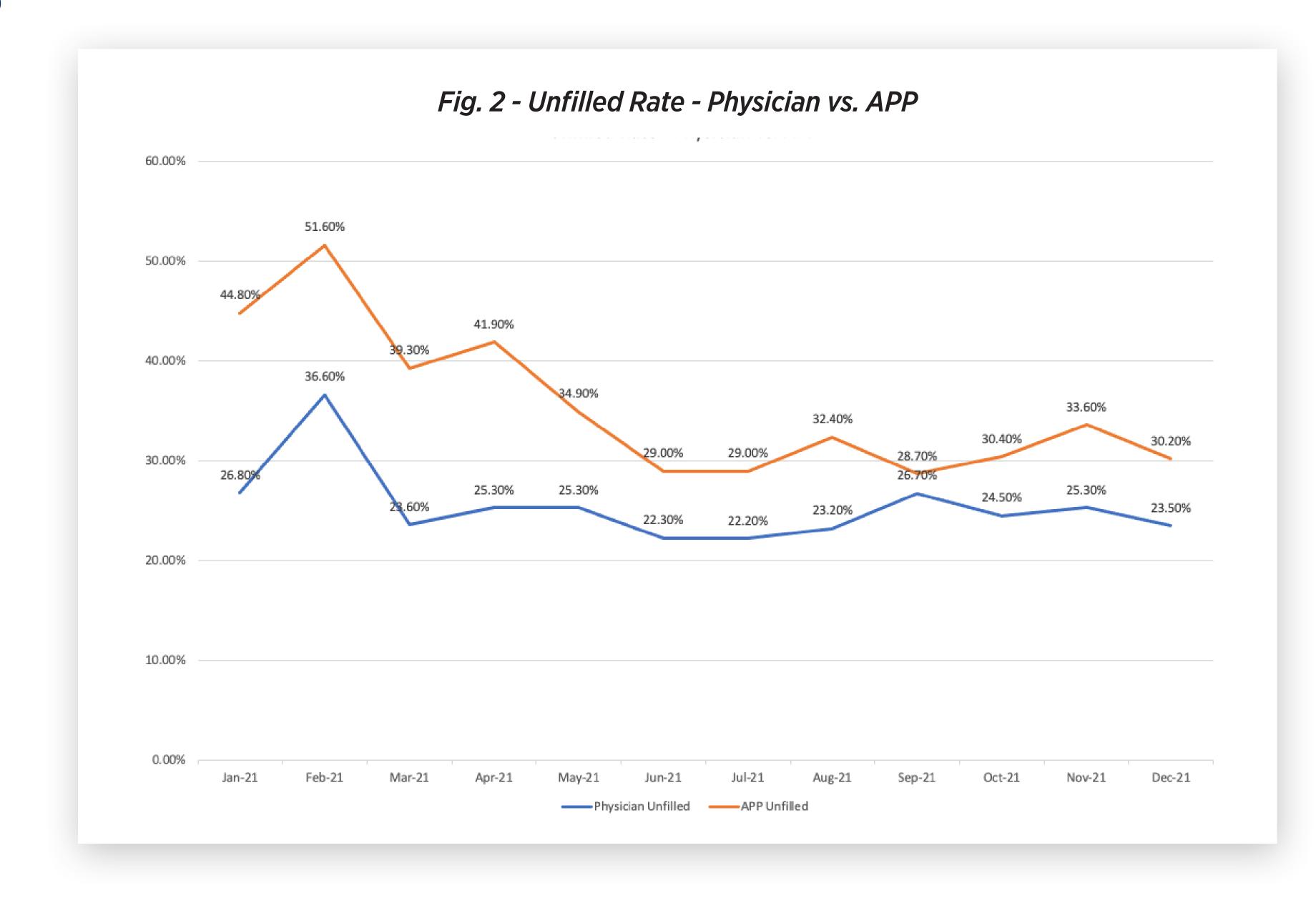
- The focus, analyze, develop, execute, and evaluate (FADE) model guided implementation of this intervention to ensure optimal implementation and evaluation of this intervention.
- collaborative multi-disciplinary working group including inclusive of the following representatives:
 Executive Medical Director, APP Director, APP Manager, APP Team Leaders, Administrative Operating Officer, Access Customer Relations, Patient Service Specialists
 Supervisors as well as other key stakeholders to align schedules between physicians and APPs.

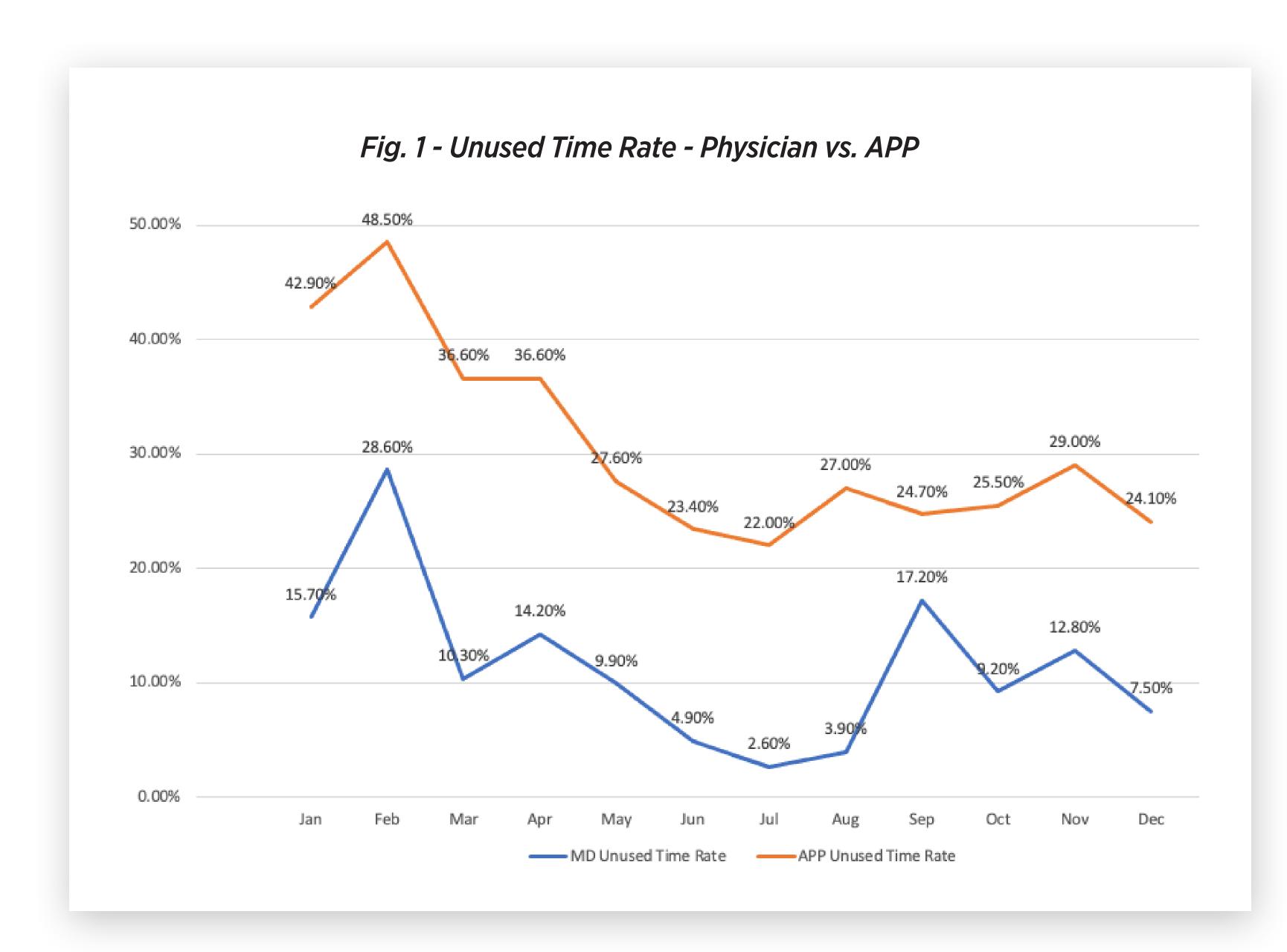
Development and Implementation of a Scheduling Tool to Increase Advanced Practice Provider Utilization in an Academic Cancer Center

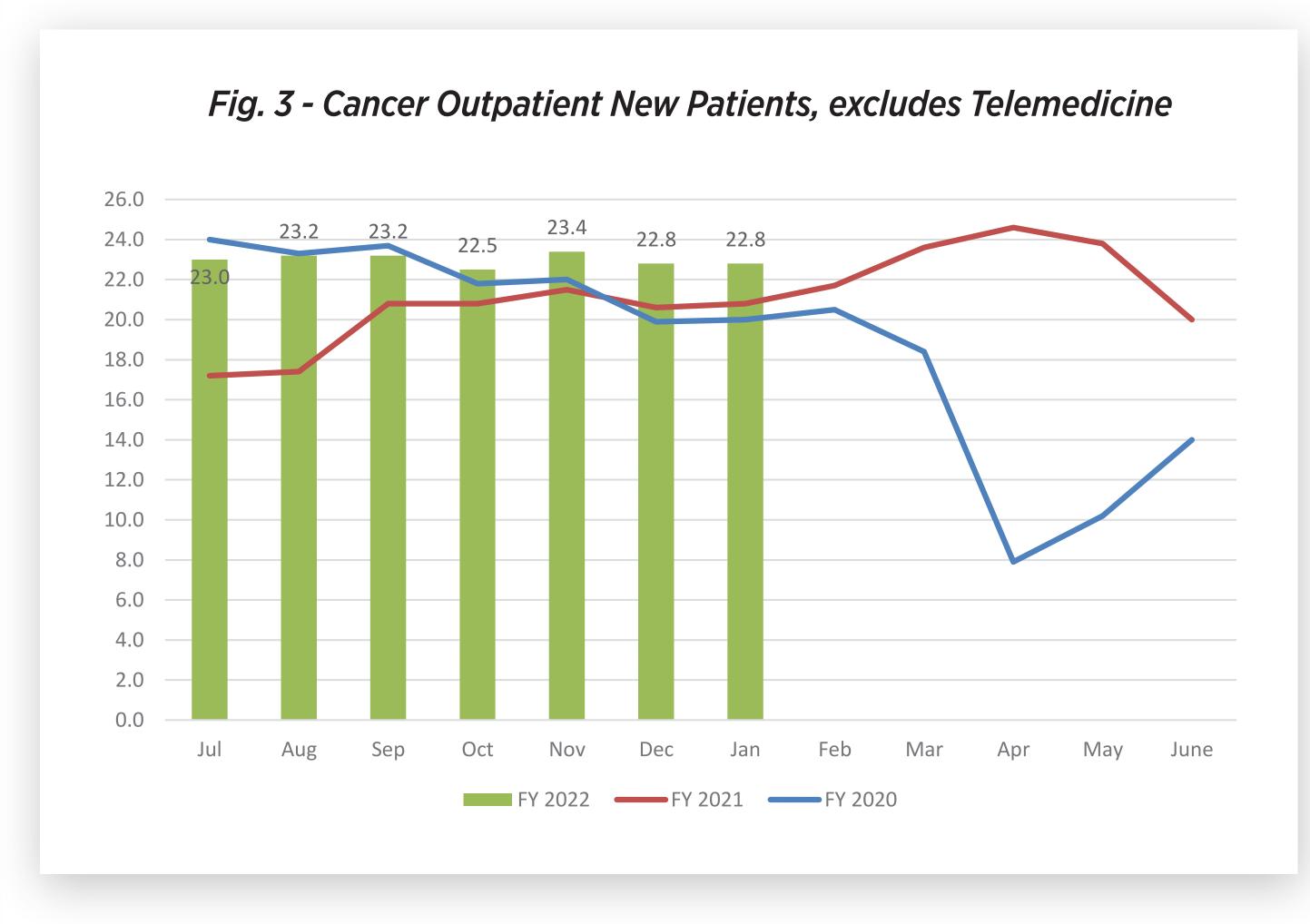
KARLINE PEAL, MBA I SHELTON HARRELL, MSN, ACNP-BC I NICOLE FREITAS I HEATHER J. JACKSON, PHD, APRN-BC, NEA-BC, FAANP

IMPLEMENTATION METHODS

- An MD/APP alignment grid was developed and implemented within Research Electronic Data Capture (REDCap) improve timely and appropriate appointments with dedicated providers.
- A robust communication strategy was followed to ensure adequate engagement of teams impacted by this change.
- Intervention Measure (AIM), Intervention Appropriateness Measure (IAM), and Feasibility of Intervention Measure (FIM) was utilized to assess acceptability and feasibility of the intervention among staff and provider







RESULTS

- A precipitous drop in unused time percentages for both APPs and physicians (Figure 1 & 2) was quickly identified.
- New patient access for physicians improved by nearly 10% within 3 months, contributing to improved RVU accrual and continued to rise as a result of this effort.
- Within our pilot, pre-intervention patient satisfaction as it relates to 'ability to get desired appointment' improved from 93.6% to 96.7% within a 3-month period.
- Providers, clinical, and scheduling staff reported the scheduling tool was acceptable, appropriate, and feasible APPs further reported higher satisfaction in being able to practice at the top of their license and improved transition of care from the inpatient to outpatient setting.
- Scheduling specialists also reported reduced messages related to scheduling.



